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# Fishery Statistics

Data 1990-2006

2007 edition



EUROPEAN COMMISSION



# **Fishery statistics**

**Data 1990-2006**

**2007 edition**



EUROPEAN COMMISSION

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Eurostat has set up with the members of the 'European statistical system' (ESS) a network of user support centres which exist in nearly all Member States as well as in some EFTA countries. Their mission is to provide help and guidance to Internet users of European statistical data. Contact details for this support network can be found on Eurostat Internet site.

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## Symbols and abbreviations

-	Nil
0	Data less than half the unit used
:	Data not available
EU-27	European Union (27 Member Countries)
EU-25	European Union (25 Member Countries)
EU-15	European Union (15 Member Countries)
BE	Belgium
BLEU / UEBL	Belgo-Luxembourg Economic Union
BG	Bulgaria
CZ	Czech Republic
DK	Denmark
DE	Germany
EE	Estonia
IE	Ireland
EL	Greece
ES	Spain
FR	France
IT	Italy
CY	Cyprus
LV	Latvia
LT	Lithuania
LU	Luxembourg
HU	Hungary
MT	Malta
NL	Netherlands
AT	Austria
PL	Poland
PT	Portugal
RO	Romania
SI	Slovenia
SK	Slovak Republic
FI	Finland
SE	Sweden
UK	United Kingdom
IS	Iceland
NO	Norway
EEA	European Economic Area (30 countries)
HR	Croatia
MK	FYR of Macedonia
TR	Turkey
CECAF	Fishery Committee for the Eastern Central Atlantic
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations
GFCM	General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean
ICES	International Council for the Exploration of the Sea
ICSEAF	International Commission for the Southeast Atlantic Fisheries
NAFO	Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organisation



## Preliminary remarks

### Introduction

Eurostat's data-base<sup>1)</sup> on fishery statistics contains around 2 000 000 time series covering fishery catches, landings of fishery products, aquaculture production, the fishing fleets, foreign trade in fishery products, employment in fisheries and supply balance sheets for fishery products. As far as data availability and resources permit, the contents of the data-base have been maximised in terms of the length of the time series and the country coverage.

This publication is intended to summarise the fisheries data for the period 1990-2006 for:

- EU-15 Member States: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.
- EU-25 Member States: EU-15 plus Cyprus, Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- EU-27 Member States: EU-25 plus Bulgaria and Romania.
- EEA countries: EU plus Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway.
- EU Candidate Countries: Croatia, FYR of Macedonia and Turkey.

### Data sources

Until now, Eurostat's programme of fishery statistics includes collaboration with other international organisations with responsibilities for fishery statistics. This collaboration is co-ordinated through the Co-ordinating Working Party on Fishery Statistics (CWP). Eurostat gratefully acknowledges this contribution to its programme of work.

While every effort has been made to provide complete, comparable and harmonised data in all topics covered in the data-base and in this publication, attention is drawn to the following notes which briefly indicate the definitions used in each of the topics covered and where care has to be exercised in the use of the data.

<sup>1)</sup> Eurostat's databases are available free of charge through the Eurostat internet site: <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat>

## Total production

Total production is the sum of the total catches and aquaculture production. See below for the notes on these two components of total production.

Total production is recorded in the live weight equivalent of the production (for aquaculture) or of the landings (for catches).

## Aquaculture production

Aquaculture means the farming of aquatic organisms including fish, molluscs, crustaceans, aquatic plants and other aquatic organisms. It includes capture-based aquaculture and the production of aquatic organisms which are harvested by an individual or corporate body which has owned them throughout their rearing period. It excludes aquatic organisms which are exploited by the public as a common property resource: these are the harvest of fisheries.

Farming means some form of intervention in the rearing process to enhance production, such as regular stocking, feeding and protection from predators and involves individual or corporate ownership of the stock being cultivated. Capture-based aquaculture means the practice of collecting “seed” material, from early life stages to adults, from the wild and subsequent on-growing to marketable size using aquaculture techniques.

The national authorities of EEA countries submit aquaculture production data to Eurostat under the terms of:

- **Council Regulation (EC) no. 788/96** of 22 April 1996 on the submission by Member States of statistics on aquaculture production (*OJ L108 of 01.05.1996*)

FAO receives aquaculture production data from national authorities on the FISHSTAT AQ questionnaire. This questionnaire uses the same concepts and definitions as the EU legislation and the data from the two sources are comparable. The FAO Fisheries Department performs a check on the quality of the data and makes the results available to Eurostat for inclusion in the NewCronos data-base.

The data are recorded in the live weight equivalent of the product weight.

## Catch

Catch statistics are submitted to Eurostat by EEA member countries in compliance with the following EU legislation:

- **Commission Regulation (EC) no. 448/2005** of 15 March 2005 amending Regulation (EC) no. 1637/2001 amending Regulation (EEC) no. 3880/91 on the submission of catch statistics by Member States fishing in the Northeast Atlantic. (*OJ L74 of 19.03.2005*)
- **Commission Regulation (EC) no. 1636/2001** of 23 July 2001 amending Regulation (EEC) no. 2018/93 on the submission of catch and activity statistics by Member States fishing in the Northwest Atlantic. (*OJ L222 of 17.08.2001*)
- **Commission Regulation (EC) no. 1638/2001** of 24 July 2001 amending Regulation (EC) no. 2597/95 on the submission of catch statistics by Member States fishing in certain areas other than those of the North Atlantic (*OJ L222 of 17.08.2001*)

The regional organisations and FAO make the data for non-EEA countries available to Eurostat.

The national authorities are requested to submit catch statistics for all commercial, subsistence and recreational fisheries. However the reporting of data for recreational fisheries is known to be incomplete.

The data are reported as the live weight equivalent of the landings (i.e. the landed weight of a product to which an appropriate conversion factor has been applied). The data therefore exclude quantities of fishery products which are caught but not landed. For example, fish caught but rejected at sea (a non-commercial species, under-sized fish, etc) or fish consumed on board the vessel are excluded.

The flag of the fishing vessels is used as the primary indication of the nationality of the catch, though this concept may be varied in certain circumstances (for example, in the case of joint ventures and chartering of vessels)

## Landings

Each EEA member country reports monthly data on the quantities and values of fishery products landed in its ports under the terms of:

- **Council Regulation no. 2104/93** of 22 July 1993 amending Regulation (EEC) no. 1382/91 on the submission of data on the landings of fishery products in Member States (*OJ L191 of 31.07.1993*)

The data are the landings (expressed as the product weight) of all fishery products in the reporting country, regardless of the nationality of the vessel making the landings. Landings by vessels of the reporting country in foreign ports are excluded.

## Foreign trade

Data for EEA Member States have been extracted from Eurostat's COMEXT foreign trade data-base.

The data on the trade balance are probably under-estimates. Apart from the fact that, in many situations, export data are less completely recorded than import data, two specific situations with regard to fisheries result in the under-reporting of exports:

- trans-shipment of catches at sea to vessels of a different nationality,
- landings by fishing vessels in foreign ports.

## Per capita food supply

The source of these data is the FAO Fisheries Circular FIDI/C821-Rev.7 (*Fish and Fishery products: World Apparent Consumption based on Food Balance Sheets 1961-2001*). These balance sheets are compiled by FAO's Fisheries Department using the concept:

Per capita food supply =

$$\frac{\text{Production} + \text{Imports} - \text{Exports} - \text{Non-Food Uses} + \text{Change in Stocks}}{\text{Resident population}}$$

The data are expressed in kg live weight / head of population / year.

The items are converted to the live weight equivalent from the landed weight or the product weight using appropriate conversion factors.

Quantities of fish or other fishery products not used for human consumption (for example, fish used for the production of meal and oils or fish fed directly to animals) are excluded from the balance sheets.

Particular attention is drawn to the fact that the data is not a direct measure of the per capita consumption. The data results from the compilation of balance sheets and thus is dependent on the errors associated with each item of the balance sheets. Among the problems in compiling balance sheets for fishery products are obtaining data for the changes in stocks and the selection of appropriate factors for the conversion to the live weight equivalent.

### Fishing fleet

The data for EU Member States are tabulated from Eurostat's Statistical Register of Fishing Vessels which is up-dated annually from the administrative file of fishing vessels maintained by the European Commission's Directorate-General for Fisheries and Maritime Affairs. Data for Iceland and Norway are compiled from fleet files submitted by the national authorities.

During the period covered by these data the method of recording the tonnage of fishing vessels changed from the Gross Register Tonnage (Oslo Convention, 1947) to the Gross Tonnage (London Convention, 1969). These two measures can produce significantly different data. This change has taken place at differing rates in the Member States and thus care has to be exercised both in comparing data between countries and between years (in the latter case due to changes over time in the proportion of vessels being recorded in each of the units).

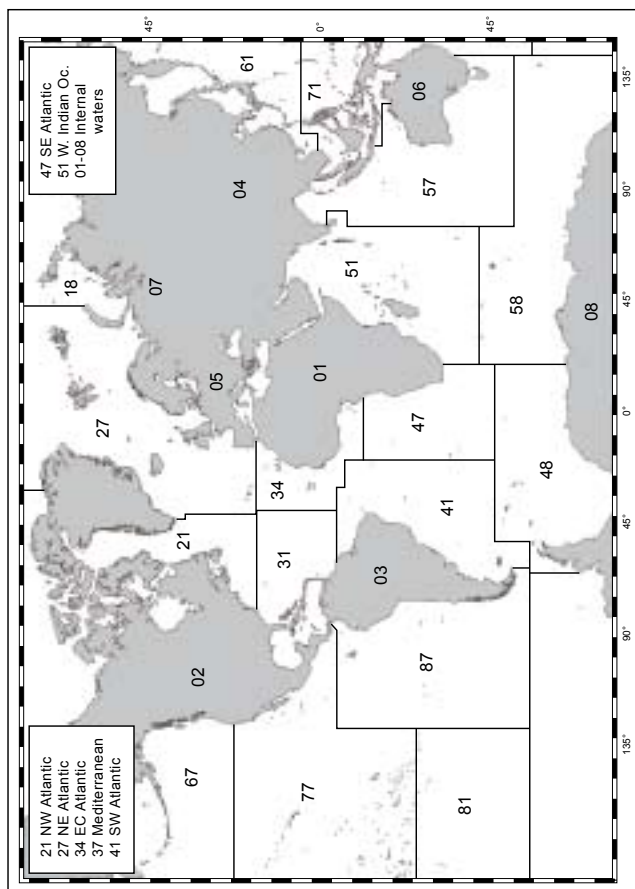
### Employment

The data have been collected by FAO from the national authorities in the FISHSTAT FM questionnaire and has been published in FAO Fisheries Circular FIDI/C929-Rev.2 (*Numbers of Fishers 1970-1997*).

The national authorities are requested to submit data on the number of fishers (male and female) from both marine and inland fisheries and the number of employees in aquaculture production. It is known that there can be significant differences in the national sources of the data and in the definitions used.

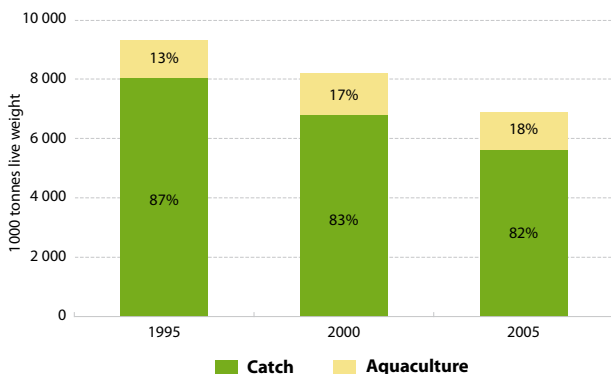
# Chart of FAO Major Fishing Areas

## Map of Fishing Areas

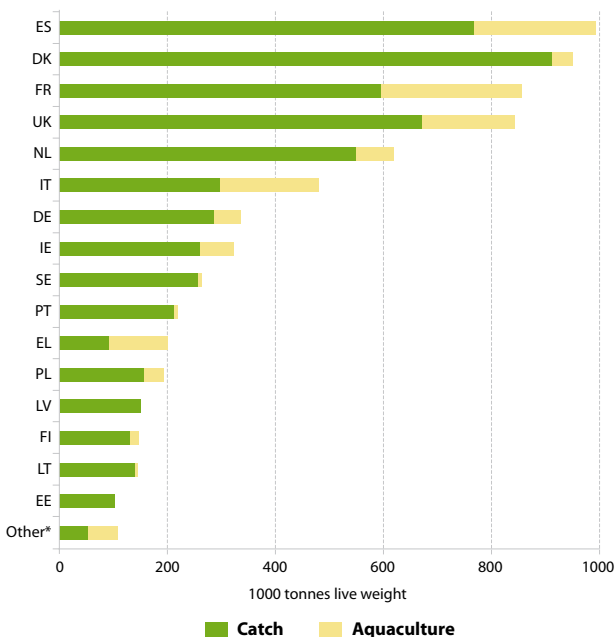


## Graphs

### EU-27 total fishery production (catch + aquaculture)

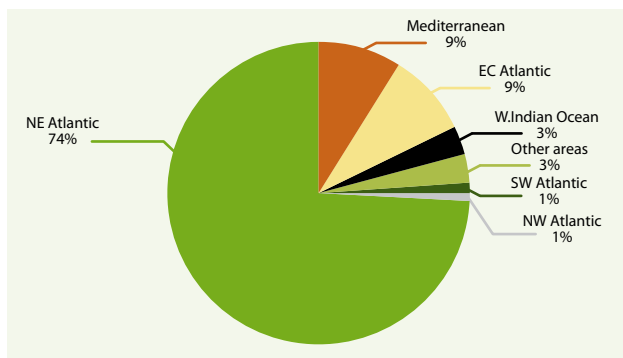


### EU-27 total fishery production by country in 2005

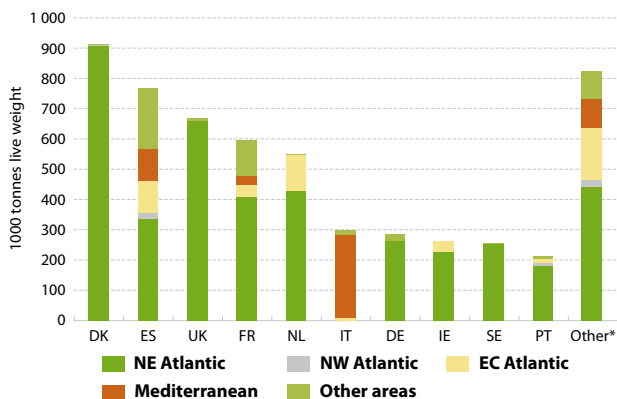


\* Other: BE, CZ, HU, RO, BG, CY, AT, SI, SK, MT, LU

## EU-27 Catches by fishing area in 2005



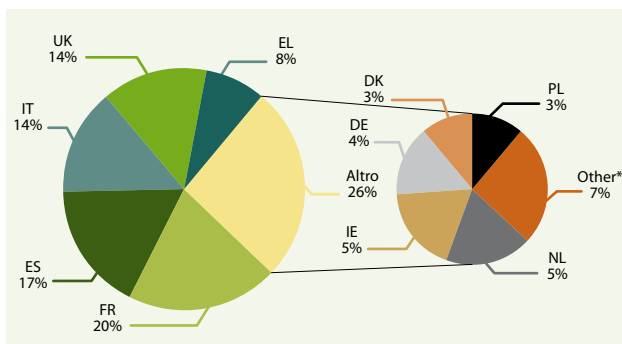
## EU-27 catches by country in 2005



\*Other: PL, LV, LT, FI, EE, EL, BE, HU, RO, BG, CZ, CY, SK, MT, SI, AT, LU



## EU-27 aquaculture production by country in 2005



\*Other: CZ, FI, HU, RO, PT, SE, BG, AT, CY, LT, SI, BE, SK, MT, EE, LV, LU



# Tables

## Total production

### All fishery products

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	9 237 714	8 195 931	6 904 500	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	9 193 490	8 168 180	6 882 569	:
<b>EU-15</b>	7 194 484	8 336 744	7 462 014	6 238 959	:
<b>BE</b>	42 145	36 477	31 678	25 769	:
<b>BG</b>	57 103	12 627	10 652	8 578	10 802
<b>CZ</b>	:	22 608	24 129	24 697	25 077
<b>DK</b>	1 517 662	2 043 638	1 577 683	949 662	895 750
<b>DE</b>	390 751	302 925	271 140	330 352	316 721
<b>EE</b>	132 114	132 345	113 384	100 136	87 605
<b>IE</b>	242 158	417 012	327 484	322 532	263 792
<b>EL</b>	141 904	184 361	194 762	198 234	209 881
<b>ES</b>	1 330 084	1 402 906	1 382 039	990 194	1 005 788
<b>FR</b>	946 315	955 920	970 241	853 755	:
<b>IT</b>	525 617	611 522	518 680	479 402	:
<b>CY</b>	2 709	9 772	69 360	4 213	5 705
<b>LV</b>	165 062	149 719	136 728	151 160	140 955
<b>LT</b>	142 264	59 082	80 985	141 798	155 336
<b>LU</b>	0	0	0	0	0
<b>HU</b>	33 834	16 674	19 987	21 270	:
<b>MT</b>	790	5 539	2 820	2 072	8 513
<b>NL</b>	505 813	522 048	571 113	617 383	473 985
<b>AT</b>	3 659	3 322	3 286	2 790	:
<b>PL</b>	474 692	454 483	253 481	192 853	:
<b>PT</b>	329 744	268 852	198 656	218 252	235 875
<b>RO</b>	127 734	69 105	17 099	13 352	15 772
<b>SI</b>	:	2 956	3 037	2 763	2 500
<b>SK</b>	:	3 567	2 255	2 648	2 981
<b>FI</b>	141 574	171 874	171 822	146 092	158 936
<b>SE</b>	260 109	412 145	343 374	262 236	276 804
<b>UK</b>	816 948	1 003 742	900 055	842 306	787 629
<b>IS</b>	1 524 706	1 627 585	2 003 603	1 669 395	:
<b>NO</b>	1 753 656	2 801 970	3 190 864	3 049 164	2 954 025
<b>EEA</b>	:	13 667 269	13 390 398	11 623 058	:
<b>HR</b>	:	20 275	27 742	48 465	:
<b>MK</b>	:	1 505	1 834	1 114	:
<b>TR</b>	384 875	655 578	582 386	545 673	:
<b>World</b>	102 296 540	124 547 940	142 344 700	156 772 990	:

## CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Total Production (=Catch + Aquaculture Production)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	by major fishing areas
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all reporting countries
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data Source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, FAO.

### COMMENTARY

In 2005 the EU-27 production of fishery products (capture fisheries and aquaculture production) was about 4% of the world total. Norway and Iceland together accounted for 3% of the world total.

Four Member States (Denmark 14%, France 12%, Spain 14% and the United Kingdom 12%) accounted for 53% of the EU-27 production in 2005.

The EU-27 production in 2005 was about 17% less than in 1993.

## Total aquaculture production

## All products

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006*
<b>EU-27</b>	:	1 183 643	1 401 751	1 272 455	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	1 159 198	1 388 370	1 262 026	:
<b>EU-15</b>	944 224	1 099 732	1 311 976	1 182 633	:
<b>BE</b>	675	846	1 871	1 200	:
<b>BG</b>	7 849	4 615	3 654	3 145	3 257
<b>CZ</b>	:	18 679	19 475	20 455	20 431
<b>DK</b>	41 946	44 730	43 609	39 012	27 906
<b>DE</b>	64 435	64 096	65 891	44 685	37 681
<b>EE</b>	936	315	225	555	703
<b>IE</b>	26 673	27 366	51 247	60 050	53 122
<b>EL</b>	9 523	32 644	95 418	106 208	113 174
<b>ES</b>	203 766	223 965	312 171	221 927	294 891
<b>FR</b>	256 653	280 786	266 802	258 480	:
<b>IT</b>	153 744	214 725	216 525	180 943	:
<b>CY</b>	125	452	1 878	2 333	3 607
<b>LV</b>	2 235	525	325	542	566
<b>LT</b>	4 666	1 714	1 996	2 013	2 225
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	17 600	9 360	12 886	13 661	14 686
<b>MT</b>	3	904	1 746	736	7 165
<b>NL</b>	100 997	83 938	75 339	68 175	40 750
<b>AT</b>	3 126	2 918	2 847	2 420	2 506
<b>PL</b>	26 400	25 111	35 795	36 607	35 867
<b>PT</b>	4 968	4 981	7 537	6 485	6 781
<b>RO</b>	34 950	19 830	9 727	7 284	9 108
<b>SI</b>	:	789	1 181	1 536	1 367
<b>SK</b>	:	1 617	887	955	1 263
<b>FI</b>	18 550	17 345	15 400	14 355	12 891
<b>SE</b>	9 124	7 554	4 834	5 880	7 549
<b>UK</b>	50 044	93 838	152 485	172 813	171 849
<b>IS</b>	2 829	3 485	3 623	8 256	:
<b>NO</b>	150 583	277 615	491 329	656 636	708 803
<b>EEA</b>	:	1 464 743	1 896 703	1 937 347	:
<b>HR</b>	:	4 007	6 674	13 782	:
<b>MK</b>	:	1 297	1 626	868	:
<b>TR</b>	5 782	21 607	79 031	119 177	:
<b>World</b>	16 827 507	31 195 904	45 660 666	62 959 046	:

\* Provisional data

## CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Aquaculture production</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1984 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	by major fishing areas
<b>Environment:</b>	freshwater, brackish water, marine water
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all reporting countries
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight and value (ECU/EUR)
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, FAO.

### COMMENTARY

The EU-27 aquaculture production in terms of volume was only 2% of the world production in 2005. Norway accounted for 1% of the world total. (92% was by Asian countries).

Four Member States (France 20%, Italy 14%, Spain 17%, the United Kingdom 14%) accounted for 66% of the EU-27 production in 2005.

The EU-27 production increased by about 27% from 1993-2005. In the same period the production in Norway (largely of Atlantic salmon) increased by about 270%.

## Catches

### All regions

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006 *
<b>EU-27</b>	:	8 054 070	6 794 180	5 632 045	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	8 034 291	6 779 810	5 620 543	:
<b>EU-15</b>	6 250 260	7 237 012	6 150 037	5 056 326	:
<b>BE</b>	41 470	35 631	29 807	24 569	22 519
<b>BG</b>	49 254	8 012	6 998	5 433	7 545
<b>CZ</b>	:	3 929	4 654	4 242	4 646
<b>DK</b>	1 475 716	1 998 908	1 534 074	910 650	867 844
<b>DE</b>	326 316	238 829	205 249	285 667	279 040
<b>EE</b>	131 178	132 030	113 159	99 581	86 902
<b>IE</b>	215 485	389 646	276 237	262 482	210 670
<b>EL</b>	132 381	151 717	99 344	92 026	96 707
<b>ES</b>	1 126 318	1 178 941	1 069 868	768 267	710 897
<b>FR</b>	689 662	675 134	703 439	595 275	582 846
<b>IT</b>	371 873	396 797	302 155	298 459	312 047
<b>CY</b>	2 584	9 320	67 482	1 880	2 098
<b>LV</b>	162 827	149 194	136 403	150 618	140 389
<b>LT</b>	137 598	57 368	78 989	139 785	153 111
<b>LU</b>	0	0	0	0	0
<b>HU</b>	16 234	7 314	7 101	7 609	:
<b>MT</b>	787	4 635	1 074	1 336	1 348
<b>NL</b>	404 816	438 110	495 774	549 208	433 235
<b>AT</b>	533	404	439	370	:
<b>PL</b>	448 292	429 372	217 686	156 246	:
<b>PT</b>	324 776	263 871	191 118	211 767	229 094
<b>RO</b>	92 784	49 275	7 372	6 068	6 664
<b>SI</b>	:	2 167	1 856	1 227	1 133
<b>SK</b>	:	1 950	1 368	1 693	1 718
<b>FI</b>	123 024	154 529	156 422	131 737	146 045
<b>SE</b>	250 985	404 591	338 540	256 356	269 255
<b>UK</b>	766 904	909 904	747 570	669 493	615 780
<b>IS</b>	1 521 877	1 624 100	1 999 980	1 661 139	1 344 516
<b>NO</b>	1 603 073	2 524 355	2 699 535	2 392 528	2 245 222
<b>EEA</b>	:	12 202 526	11 493 695	9 685 711	:
<b>HR</b>	:	16 268	21 068	34 683	:
<b>MK</b>	:	208	208	246	:
<b>TR</b>	379 093	633 971	503 355	426 496	:
<b>World</b>	85 469 034	93 352 040	96 684 034	93 813 943	:

\* For 2006, captures from Inland Waters may be missing from the total for some countries



**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Total catches</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	by major fishing areas
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all countries reporting catches in the area
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

EU-27 catches accounted for 6% of the world total in 2005 (Norway and Iceland together for 4%).

Five Member States (Denmark 16%, France 11%, the Netherlands 10%, Spain 14% and the United Kingdom 12%) accounted for over 60% of the EU-27 catch in 2005.

Between 1993 and 2005 the EU-27 catch decreased by 22%. Over the same period the total world catch increased by 8%.

## Northwest Atlantic

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	38 304	85 098	63 341	55 205
<b>EU-25</b>	:	38 304	85 098	63 341	55 205
<b>EU-15</b>	121 478	33 055	62 224	39 076	40 671
<b>BE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>BG</b>	1 928	-	-	-	-
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	865	447	-	3 696	3 631
<b>DE</b>	22 880	-	4 475	1 591	1 541
<b>EE</b>	:	3 243	13 697	14 690	8 426
<b>IE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>EL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>ES</b>	28 906	20 065	44 907	20 804	21 589
<b>FR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CY</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LV</b>	:	1 026	3 397	2 806	2 184
<b>LT</b>	:	980	4 048	5 484	2 831
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	509	-	1 732	1 285	1 093
<b>PT</b>	67 194	12 543	12 842	12 985	13 910
<b>RO</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>UK</b>	1 633	-	-	-	-
<b>IS</b>	-	8 232	9 363	6 928	4 054
<b>NO</b>	26 821	12 017	4 424	2 450	2 338
<b>EEA</b>	:	58 553	98 885	72 718	61 597
<b>HR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>World</b>	3 111 107	2 050 002	2 153 686	:	:

**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Catches for the Northwest Atlantic (Major Fishing Area 21)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	by NAFO divisions and sub-divisions (1960 onwards) and by major fishing area (1950 onwards)
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all countries reporting catches in the area
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, NAFO and FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

Due to the restriction of EU fishing to international waters and the imposition of stringent management measures, the EU-15 catch in the Northwest Atlantic is under 5% of the 1.2 million tonnes caught in 1968.

16% of the EU-15 catches from all areas were taken in the Northwest Atlantic in 1968. In recent years this has fallen to under 4%.

Three Member States (Estonia 15%, Portugal 25%, Spain 39%) accounted for 80% of the EU-27 catches in 2006.

## Northeast Atlantic

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	5 876 531	4 961 238	4 106 213	3 993 678
<b>EU-25</b>	:	5 876 531	4 961 238	4 106 213	3 993 678
<b>EU-15</b>	4 525 582	5 545 223	4 621 881	3 784 313	3 682 259
<b>BE</b>	40 959	35 120	29 296	24 073	22 519
<b>BG</b>	3 982	-	-	-	-
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	1 474 455	1 998 197	1 533 891	906 879	864 172
<b>DE</b>	256 010	215 803	177 906	262 676	259 450
<b>EE</b>	-	92 411	96 267	81 064	74 066
<b>IE</b>	212 549	385 885	275 356	228 911	210 670
<b>EL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>ES</b>	340 191	392 860	417 420	335 064	373 232
<b>FR</b>	487 213	448 807	491 476	408 791	423 042
<b>IT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CY</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LV</b>	:	63 127	80 329	93 605	83 972
<b>LT</b>	:	45 556	19 584	17 878	34 592
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NL</b>	402 230	434 003	336 329	429 242	357 335
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	111 970	130 214	143 177	129 352	118 790
<b>PT</b>	228 186	220 120	163 615	179 464	190 737
<b>RO</b>	-	37 508	-	-	-
<b>SI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	73 714	106 093	121 640	95 472	109 780
<b>SE</b>	248 917	402 657	337 081	254 939	267 611
<b>UK</b>	761 158	905 678	737 869	658 802	603 710
<b>IS</b>	1 521 201	1 615 129	1 990 441	1 653 992	1 340 289
<b>NO</b>	1 569 953	2 505 559	2 693 350	2 389 258	2 242 884
<b>EEA</b>	:	9 997 220	9 645 028	8 149 463	7 576 851
<b>HR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>World</b>	8 567 950	11 092 343	11 147 038	9 655 308	:

**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Catches for the Northeast Atlantic (Major Fishing area 27)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species.
<b>Areas:</b>	by ICES divisions and sub-divisions (1973 onwards) and by major fishing area (1950 onwards)
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all countries reporting catches in the area
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, ICES and FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

The Northeast Atlantic is the most important fishing area for the EU-27 Member States with 73% of their catches being taken from this area in 2005.

EU-27 accounted for 43% of the total catch in the area in 2005. Iceland and Norway were the other main fishing nations (42% of the total for the area).

Five Member States (Denmark 22%, France 10%, the Netherlands 9%, Spain 9%, the UK 15%) accounted for 66% of the EU-27 catches in 2006.

In the period 1992-2005 EU-27 catch in the Northeast Atlantic has fallen by around 23%. Over the same period, the combined catch of Iceland and Norway increased by 1% and the total world catch fell by 9%.

## Eastern Central Atlantic

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	551 314	565 780	483 957	403 424
<b>EU-25</b>	:	551 314	565 780	483 957	403 424
<b>EU-15</b>	494 307	450 401	395 091	315 230	233 831
<b>BE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>BG</b>	534	-	-	-	-
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DE</b>	12 736	39	-	-	15 407
<b>EE</b>	:	5 174	5	-	-
<b>IE</b>	-	-	-	33 065	-
<b>EL</b>	11 352	8 564	5 144	2 550	4 292
<b>ES</b>	338 312	334 671	149 223	105 225	81 253
<b>FR</b>	77 485	76 395	70 022	40 027	29 315
<b>IT</b>	33 814	8 067	4 077	5 444	4 826
<b>CY</b>	-	-	65 174	-	-
<b>LV</b>	:	82 702	52 065	53 851	53 905
<b>LT</b>	:	9 572	53 445	114 876	115 688
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	-	3 465	-	-	-
<b>NL</b>	-	-	157 195	117 866	75 900
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PT</b>	20 608	22 665	9 430	10 220	14 524
<b>RO</b>	61 633	-	-	-	-
<b>SI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>UK</b>	-	-	-	834	8 314
<b>IS</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NO</b>	1 790	-	71	-	-
<b>EEA</b>	:	551 314	565 851	483 957	403 424
<b>HR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>World</b>	4 116 771	3 381 287	3 660 125	3 455 420	:

**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Catches for the Eastern Central Atlantic (Major Fishing Area 34)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	by CECAF divisions and sub-divisions (from 1970) and by major fishing area (from 1950)
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all countries reporting catches in the area
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, CECAF and FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

9% of EU-27 catches were taken in the Eastern Central Atlantic in 2005.

EU-27 Member States accounted for 14% of the total catches in the Eastern Central Atlantic in 2005.

Four Member States (Latvia 13%, Lithuania 29%, the Netherlands 19%, Spain 20%) accounted for 81% of the EU-27 catches in 2006.

EU-27 catches in 2005 showed a 35% decrease to those in 1992. Total world catches increased 5% in the same period.

## Mediterranean

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	718 448	583 575	516 086	563 516
<b>EU-25</b>	:	708 479	574 962	510 652	557 271
<b>EU-15</b>	598 259	702 953	570 028	506 441	552 892
<b>BE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>BG</b>	2 899	7 250	6 137	3 408	5 630
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>EE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>EL</b>	111 259	139 547	90 767	87 896	92 415
<b>ES</b>	143 008	149 007	140 208	107 779	130 702
<b>FR</b>	41 692	37 977	45 547	30 802	32 294
<b>IT</b>	302 300	375 976	293 411	279 866	297 427
<b>CY</b>	2 584	2 505	2 230	1 850	2 098
<b>LV</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	787	1 170	1 074	1 336	1 348
<b>NL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PT</b>	-	446	96	98	54
<b>RO</b>	6 326	2 719	2 476	2 026	615
<b>SI</b>	:	1 851	1 630	1 025	933
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>UK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IS</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NO</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>EEA</b>	:	718 448	583 575	516 086	563 516
<b>HR</b>	:	15 904	21 051	34 650	:
<b>MK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TR</b>	341 889	585 995	460 531	380 381	:
<b>World</b>	1 377 291	1 705 198	1 510 490	1 437 257	:



**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Catches for the Mediterranean (Major Fishing Area 37)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	by GFCM divisions and sub-divisions (from 1970) and by major fishing area (from 1950)
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all countries reporting catches in the area
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, GFCM and FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

9% of EU-27 catches were taken from the Mediterranean area in 2005.

EU-27 accounted for 36% of the total catch from the Mediterranean in 2005. 54% of the EU-27 catch was by Italy.

Turkey accounted for 26% of the total catch in the Mediterranean in 2005, 10% less than the combined catch of the EU-27 Member States (36%).

The EU-27 catch decreased by about 22% in the period 1992-2005. In the same period the total catch in the Mediterranean decreased by 1%.

## Southwest Atlantic

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	278 289	124 760	93 589	84 324	30 074
<b>EU-25</b>	250 172	124 760	93 589	84 324	30 074
<b>EU-15</b>	96 054	113 730	92 619	82 969	28 605
<b>BE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>BG</b>	28 117	-	-	-	-
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DE</b>	6 951	-	-	-	-
<b>EE</b>	20 200	-	-	1 355	1 469
<b>IE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>EL</b>	6 120	-	-	-	-
<b>ES</b>	66 717	96 511	84 740	74 412	25 782
<b>FR</b>	-	7 332	2 053	-	-
<b>IT</b>	8 455	960	-	-	-
<b>CY</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LV</b>	19 365	1 825	-	-	-
<b>LT</b>	28 067	-	-	-	-
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NL</b>	0	-	-	-	-
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	86 486	9 205	970	-	-
<b>PT</b>	6 429	6 847	325	2 778	1 777
<b>RO</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>UK</b>	1 382	2 080	5 501	5 779	1 045
<b>IS</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NO</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>EEA</b>	278 289	124 760	93 589	84 324	30 074
<b>HR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>World</b>	1 886 230	2 242 469	2 295 121	1 836 778	:

**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Catches for the Southwest Atlantic (Major Fishing Area 41)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	for the major fishing area
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all countries reporting catches in the area
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

Less than 2% of EU-27 catches were taken from the Southwest Atlantic in 2005.

EU-27 Member States accounted for 5% of the total catch in the Southwest Atlantic in 2005. Of this, 88% was caught by one Member State, Spain.

In the period 1990-2005 the EU-27 catch decreased by 70%. A major cause of this was the virtual withdrawal of the new Member States (Bulgaria, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Poland) from the fisheries of the area.

On the other hand, the EU catch in 2005 showed an increase of over 75% compared to 2004, mainly due to an increased Spanish catch.

Total world catches in the Southwest Atlantic decreased by 3% compared to 1990.

## Southeast Atlantic

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	172 486	50 382	20 797	12 124	13 246
<b>EU-25</b>	152 384	50 382	20 797	12 124	13 246
<b>EU-15</b>	110 036	18 368	20 797	11 319	13 246
<b>BE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>BG</b>	8 513	-	-	-	-
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DE</b>	16 123	-	-	-	-
<b>EE</b>	25 560	28 836	-	-	-
<b>IE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>EL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>ES</b>	91 554	17 011	17 404	8 644	9 542
<b>FR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IT</b>	-	109	-	-	-
<b>CY</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LV</b>	10 247	-	-	-	-
<b>LT</b>	6 541	-	-	-	-
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	-	3 178	-	805	-
<b>PT</b>	2 359	1 248	3 393	2 674	2 854
<b>RO</b>	11 589	-	-	-	-
<b>SI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>UK</b>	:	:	:	:	850
<b>IS</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NO</b>	-	-	242	-	-
<b>EEA</b>	172 486	50 382	21 039	12 124	13 246
<b>HR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>World</b>	1 446 561	1 597 475	1 655 813	1 639 470	:

**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Catches for the Southeast Atlantic (Major Fishing Area 47)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	by ICSEAF divisions and sub-divisions (from 1975) and by major fishing area ( from 1950)
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all countries reporting catches in the area
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, ICSEAF and FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

Less than 1% of EU-27 catches were taken from the Southeast Atlantic in 2005.

EU-27 catches in the Southeast Atlantic in 2005 were less than 1% of the total catch in the area. Only three Member States (Poland, Portugal and Spain) fished in the area in 2005.

This contrasts with the situation in 1990 when EU-27 catches accounted for 12% of the total. Eight Member States fished in the area in that year and the EU-27 catch was over 12 times greater than in 2005.

While the EU catch fell sharply in the period 1990-2005, total catch from the area rose by 13% in the same period.

## Western Indian Ocean

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	193 216	245 150	234 440	186 987	152 486
<b>EU-25</b>	193 216	245 150	234 440	186 987	152 486
<b>EU-15</b>	193 216	245 150	234 440	186 987	152 486
<b>BE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>BG</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DE</b>	885	-	-	-	-
<b>EE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>IE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>EL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>ES</b>	98 887	147 583	148 205	67 499	38 641
<b>FR</b>	78 990	95 917	84 716	106 956	98 195
<b>IT</b>	14 454	1 650	102	9 326	9 794
<b>CY</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LV</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PT</b>	-	-	1 417	3 206	5 158
<b>RO</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>SE</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>UK</b>	-	-	-	-	698
<b>IS</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>NO</b>	-	-	870	-	-
<b>EEA</b>	193 216	245 150	235 310	186 987	152 486
<b>HR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TR</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>World</b>	3 294 286	3 883 985	4 042 760	4 388 610	:

**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Catches for the Western Indian Ocean (Major Fishing Area 51)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	for the major fishing area
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all countries reporting catches in the area
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

3% of EU-27 catches were taken from the Western Indian Ocean in 2005.

EU-27 Member States accounted for 4% of the catches in the Western Indian Ocean in 2005. Two Member States, France and Spain, were responsible for 93% of the EU catch.

In the period 1990-2005 the EU-27 catch decreased by 3%. In the same period the total catches in the area increased by 33%.

## Inland waters

tonnes live weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006 *
<b>EU-27</b>	:	163 975	127 396	124 717	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	154 165	121 639	118 650	:
<b>EU-15</b>	102 659	111 562	84 955	80 030	:
<b>BE</b>	511	511	511	496	:
<b>BG</b>	1 627	762	861	2 025	1 915
<b>CZ</b>	:	3 929	4 654	4 242	4 646
<b>DK</b>	396	264	183	75	41
<b>DE</b>	10 731	22 987	22 868	21 400	2 642
<b>EE</b>	4 552	2 366	3 190	2 472	2 941
<b>IE</b>	2 936	3 761	881	506	:
<b>EL</b>	3 650	3 606	3 433	1 580	:
<b>ES</b>	10 922	8 869	8 710	8 710	:
<b>FR</b>	3 500	4 500	2 131	2 110	:
<b>IT</b>	12 850	10 035	4 565	3 823	:
<b>CY</b>	:	65	78	30	:
<b>LV</b>	133	514	612	356	328
<b>LT</b>	5 970	1 260	1 912	1 547	:
<b>LU</b>	0	0	0	0	0
<b>HU</b>	16 234	7 314	7 101	7 609	:
<b>MT</b>	0	0	0	-	:
<b>NL</b>	2 586	4 107	2 250	2 100	:
<b>AT</b>	533	404	439	370	:
<b>PL</b>	18 600	24 889	17 543	20 469	3 184
<b>PT</b>	0	2	0	6	:
<b>RO</b>	13 236	9 048	4 896	4 042	6 049
<b>SI</b>	:	316	226	202	200
<b>SK</b>	:	1 950	1 368	1 693	1 718
<b>FI</b>	49 310	48 436	34 782	36 265	36 265
<b>SE</b>	2 068	1 934	1 459	1 417	1 644
<b>UK</b>	2 666	2 146	2 743	1 172	:
<b>IS</b>	676	739	176	219	173
<b>NO</b>	483	413	578	507	:
<b>EEA</b>	:	165 127	128 150	125 443	:
<b>HR</b>	:	364	17	33	:
<b>MK</b>	:	208	208	246	:
<b>TR</b>	37 204	47 976	42 824	46 115	:
<b>World</b>	6 439 476	7 283 633	8 819 211	9 539 100	:

\* 2006 data in many cases provisional



**CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS**

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Catches in inland waters (Major Fishing Areas 01-08)</b>
<b>Years:</b>	1950 onwards
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Species:</b>	individually identified species
<b>Areas:</b>	by continent
<b>Countries:</b>	individually by all reporting countries
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat; For fishing areas, countries and years not covered by EU legislation, FAO.

**COMMENTARY**

In 2005 EU-27 catches from inland waters only accounted for a little over 1% of the world catch from such waters and for only 2% of the catches from all EU-27 fisheries.

The contribution of the 12 new Member States to the EU-27 total from inland fisheries (36%) was relatively high compared with their contribution to the catches from marine areas (10%).

## Landings

### Total quantity

tonnes product weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-15</b>	:	:	4 698 379	4 385 578	4 434 084
<b>BE</b>	:	21 137	17 987	19 601	18 258
<b>BG</b>	:	:	:	3 408	4 388
<b>CZ</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	:	2 303 108	1 144 088	1 090 673	893 953
<b>DE</b>	:	141 674	89 193	140 420	136 688
<b>EE</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>IE</b>	:	342 217	202 909	198 958	220 211
<b>EL</b>	:	133 120	90 381	89 903	96 015
<b>ES</b>	:	1 080 748	983 806	703 249	777 543
<b>FR</b>	:	:	371 264	294 990	325 910
<b>IT</b>	:	359 304	295 096	281 987	299 266
<b>CY</b>	:	:	:	1 329	1 898
<b>LV</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>LT</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>LU</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	:	:	:	1 337	1 296
<b>NL</b>	:	533 691	508 971	621 101	781 361
<b>AT</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>PT</b>	:	235 645	163 949	105 910	162 525
<b>RO</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>SI</b>	:	:	:	1 011	931
<b>SK</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	:	:	96 418	84 098	26 134
<b>SE</b>	:	216 678	314 329	268 799	270 169
<b>UK</b>	:	740 006	419 988	485 889	426 051
<b>IS</b>	:	:	1 947 010	1 680 246	1 310 877
<b>NO</b>	:	2 352 184	2 792 387	2 077 930	2 037 950
<b>EEA</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>TR</b>	:	:	:	:	:

**Total value**

million ECU/EUR

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-15</b>	:	:	5 875	5 894	6 687
<b>BE</b>	:	57	64	80	83
<b>BG</b>	:	:	:	2	2
<b>CZ</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	:	499	423	442	446
<b>DE</b>	:	118	95	122	113
<b>EE</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>IE</b>	:	140	184	149	315
<b>EL</b>	:	270	236	308	336
<b>ES</b>	:	1 898	1 751	1 513	1 680
<b>FR</b>	:	:	845	775	842
<b>IT</b>	:	882	823	1 413	1 518
<b>CY</b>	:	:	:	6	5
<b>LV</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>LT</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>LU</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	:	:	:	6	6
<b>NL</b>	:	325	357	310	336
<b>AT</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>PT</b>	:	280	272	127	213
<b>RO</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>SI</b>	:	:	:	0	2
<b>SK</b>	:	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	:	:	20	15	9
<b>SE</b>	:	78	112	106	117
<b>UK</b>	:	629	693	536	680
<b>IS</b>	:	:	831	939	942
<b>NO</b>	:	1 105	1 542	1 608	1 611
<b>EEA</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>TR</b>	:	:	:	:	:

## CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Landings</b>
<b>Years:</b>	from January 1992, at the earliest
<b>Periodicity:</b>	monthly
<b>Products:</b>	all landings of fishery products, with details of products covered by EU Market Management regime
<b>Countries:</b>	EEA member countries only
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes product weight and value (ECU/EUR)
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat

### COMMENTARY

Spain and Italy have the highest value landings in the EU.

Norway's landings have a value higher than that of all the EU countries except Spain.



## Foreign trade in fishery products

## Total imports

tonnes product weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27 *</b>	:	:	5 326 838	5 948 203	6 236 329
<b>EU-25 *</b>	:	:	5 282 456	5 852 398	6 127 257
<b>EU-15 *</b>	4 338 405	4 307 140	4 834 118	5 517 702	5 733 680
<b>BE</b>	:	:	288 011	328 036	333 896
<b>BLEU</b>	265 327	304 210	:	:	:
<b>BG</b>	:	:	20 981	32 059	34 402
<b>CZ</b>	:	:	65 321	71 488	67 382
<b>DK</b>	640 596	926 524	1 217 350	1 312 996	1 351 735
<b>DE</b>	1 151 367	1 148 082	1 169 608	1 163 680	1 157 775
<b>EE</b>	:	:	41 790	46 405	40 199
<b>IE</b>	67 480	67 946	64 534	58 066	56 318
<b>EL</b>	87 287	106 139	163 433	213 468	210 210
<b>ES</b>	719 218	1 005 387	1 443 906	1 620 409	1 666 450
<b>FR</b>	886 008	919 601	1 029 220	1 141 666	1 135 793
<b>IT</b>	723 310	735 813	838 486	972 725	984 478
<b>CY</b>	:	:	16 045	30 044	18 717
<b>LV</b>	:	:	35 135	38 318	45 517
<b>LT</b>	:	:	58 288	103 158	94 774
<b>LU</b>	:	:	14 197	8 799	8 522
<b>HU</b>	:	:	46 732	40 546	26 588
<b>MT</b>	:	:	17 113	17 042	23 763
<b>NL</b>	694 144	873 153	796 430	839 441	830 012
<b>AT</b>	69 077	59 650	54 760	74 593	71 598
<b>PL</b>	:	:	277 146	322 155	355 757
<b>PT</b>	224 827	287 053	338 655	1 083 480	388 260
<b>RO</b>	:	:	56 125	97 739	100 479
<b>SI</b>	:	:	14 123	19 288	18 940
<b>SK</b>	:	:	29 924	26 526	28 494
<b>FI</b>	114 995	107 213	89 969	96 983	103 686
<b>SE</b>	161 329	154 299	213 918	378 879	406 737
<b>UK</b>	974 533	880 725	869 053	908 672	942 674
<b>IS</b>	12 650	27 568	161 739	200 951	140 904
<b>NO</b>	198 080	538 928	902 314	591 333	582 533
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	64 169	58 990
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	8 882	9 924
<b>TR</b>	:	:	76 202	89 751	41 119

\* Extra-EU trade flows

## Total imports

million ECU/EUR

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27 *</b>	:	:	12 732	14 946	17 298
<b>EU-25 *</b>	:	:	12 704	14 868	17 195
<b>EU-15 *</b>	7 274	8 293	12 204	14 308	16 533
<b>BE</b>	:	:	1 138	1 347	1 533
<b>BLEU</b>	595	801	:	:	:
<b>BG</b>	:	:	13	24	29
<b>CZ</b>	:	:	83	113	128
<b>DK</b>	921	1 278	1 942	2 056	2 287
<b>DE</b>	1 506	1 950	2 560	2 762	3 002
<b>EE</b>	:	:	23	63	70
<b>IE</b>	80	76	124	150	169
<b>EL</b>	166	181	356	425	480
<b>ES</b>	1 762	2 362	3 831	4 648	5 083
<b>FR</b>	2 298	2 497	3 329	3 740	4 079
<b>IT</b>	1 963	1 918	2 812	3 450	3 754
<b>CY</b>	:	:	32	55	46
<b>LV</b>	:	:	25	48	61
<b>LT</b>	:	:	58	144	151
<b>LU</b>	:	:	77	65	66
<b>HU</b>	:	:	40	62	48
<b>MT</b>	:	:	22	24	31
<b>NL</b>	665	949	1 372	1 711	1 867
<b>AT</b>	119	146	179	233	266
<b>PL</b>	:	:	329	568	693
<b>PT</b>	479	604	963	1 072	1 215
<b>RO</b>	:	:	34	86	108
<b>SI</b>	:	:	30	58	53
<b>SK</b>	:	:	33	39	56
<b>FI</b>	109	94	132	176	214
<b>SE</b>	355	418	771	1 289	1 622
<b>UK</b>	1 506	1 517	2 383	2 589	2 974
<b>IS</b>	13	31	80	82	79
<b>NO</b>	187	378	665	581	677
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	88	91
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	14	17
<b>TR</b>	:	:	57	85	41

\* Extra-EU trade flows

## Total exports

tonnes product weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27 *</b>	:	:	1 931 518	2 492 605	2 328 389
<b>EU-25 *</b>	:	:	1 928 011	2 489 357	2 324 753
<b>EU-15 *</b>	1 273 972	1 608 460	1 694 244	2 124 456	1 965 959
<b>BE</b>	:	:	123 141	236 647	276 372
<b>BLEU</b>	55 471	76 343	:	:	:
<b>BG</b>	:	:	5 077	4 028	4 818
<b>CZ</b>	:	:	12 630	17 389	21 349
<b>DK</b>	767 164	1 262 550	1 216 172	1 145 311	1 109 797
<b>DE</b>	360 392	505 806	568 086	760 580	578 850
<b>EE</b>	:	:	89 569	136 898	126 109
<b>IE</b>	183 367	295 154	217 497	212 261	171 743
<b>EL</b>	15 066	35 382	83 583	97 402	118 121
<b>ES</b>	280 125	480 292	841 431	936 691	914 503
<b>FR</b>	354 877	391 469	485 950	430 015	440 832
<b>IT</b>	97 383	128 275	141 660	138 621	149 875
<b>CY</b>	:	:	736	3 110	2 753
<b>LV</b>	:	:	96 607	114 172	121 761
<b>LT</b>	:	:	15 073	100 207	93 193
<b>LU</b>	:	:	5 268	1 751	913
<b>HU</b>	:	:	6 594	5 687	2 725
<b>MT</b>	:	:	2 084	1 679	4 486
<b>NL</b>	783 310	806 707	808 858	1 099 312	1 023 756
<b>AT</b>	627	4 602	3 863	5 954	4 280
<b>PL</b>	:	:	102 949	167 363	207 677
<b>PT</b>	96 205	104 247	98 735	117 092	127 276
<b>RO</b>	:	:	1 003	1 498	1 913
<b>SI</b>	:	:	2 520	7 357	5 306
<b>SK</b>	:	:	641	1 166	2 197
<b>FI</b>	3 289	11 794	16 300	24 688	26 777
<b>SE</b>	110 508	175 169	312 397	401 883	478 535
<b>UK</b>	367 122	431 806	397 022	474 901	436 494
<b>IS</b>	610 773	610 842	730 980	768 343	675 628
<b>NO</b>	836 263	1 597 869	2 104 973	1 996 582	1 878 163
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	24 529	29 285
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	1 501	1 667
<b>TR</b>	:	:	39 759	44 883	17 569

\* Extra-EU trade flows



## Total exports

million ECU/EUR

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27 *</b>	:	:	2 327	3 241	3 525
<b>EU-25 *</b>	:	:	2 319	3 234	3 516
<b>EU-15 *</b>	1 449	1 668	2 160	2 869	3 082
<b>BE</b>	:	:	546	789	920
<b>BLEU</b>	181	288	:	:	:
<b>BG</b>	:	:	10	9	13
<b>CZ</b>	:	:	30	53	57
<b>DK</b>	1 708	2 201	2 842	2 966	3 082
<b>DE</b>	445	652	1 126	1 339	1 347
<b>EE</b>	:	:	81	101	108
<b>IE</b>	204	275	332	358	359
<b>EL</b>	70	139	326	350	421
<b>ES</b>	542	954	1 857	2 111	2 275
<b>FR</b>	764	775	1 231	1 315	1 360
<b>IT</b>	192	279	422	479	562
<b>CY</b>	:	:	7	25	20
<b>LV</b>	:	:	33	107	130
<b>LT</b>	:	:	27	153	168
<b>LU</b>	:	:	25	16	12
<b>HU</b>	:	:	10	15	6
<b>MT</b>	:	:	9	9	51
<b>NL</b>	1 055	1 194	1 697	2 332	2 344
<b>AT</b>	2	14	9	16	15
<b>PL</b>	:	:	215	502	646
<b>PT</b>	232	225	319	365	436
<b>RO</b>	:	:	6	8	10
<b>SI</b>	:	:	7	25	15
<b>SK</b>	:	:	2	4	4
<b>FI</b>	12	18	17	14	21
<b>SE</b>	136	199	511	951	1 244
<b>UK</b>	718	880	1 180	1 373	1 405
<b>IS</b>	972	1 024	1 333	1 443	1 453
<b>NO</b>	1 619	2 402	3 849	3 965	4 403
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	87	127
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	5	6
<b>TR</b>	:	:	101	193	60

\* Extra-EU trade flows

## Trade balance

tonnes product weight

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27 *</b>	:	:	-3 395 321	-3 455 598	-3 907 940
<b>EU-25 *</b>	:	:	-3 354 445	-3 363 041	-3 802 504
<b>EU-15 *</b>	-3 064 433	-2 698 679	-3 139 874	-3 393 246	-3 767 721
<b>BE</b>	:	:	-164 870	-91 389	-57 525
<b>BLEU</b>	-209 856	-227 867	:	:	:
<b>BG</b>	:	:	-15 904	-28 030	-29 583
<b>CZ</b>	:	:	-52 691	-54 098	-46 032
<b>DK</b>	126 568	336 026	-1 178	-167 686	-241 938
<b>DE</b>	-790 975	-642 276	-601 522	-403 100	-578 925
<b>EE</b>	:	:	47 779	90 493	85 910
<b>IE</b>	115 887	227 208	152 964	154 195	115 425
<b>EL</b>	-72 220	-70 757	-79 850	-116 066	-92 090
<b>ES</b>	-439 092	-525 095	-602 475	-683 718	-751 947
<b>FR</b>	-531 132	-528 131	-543 271	-711 651	-694 961
<b>IT</b>	-625 928	-607 538	-696 826	-834 104	-834 603
<b>CY</b>	:	:	-15 309	-26 934	-15 965
<b>LV</b>	:	:	61 472	75 854	76 244
<b>LT</b>	:	:	-43 215	-2 952	-1 581
<b>LU</b>	:	:	-8 929	-7 047	-7 609
<b>HU</b>	:	:	-40 137	-34 859	-23 864
<b>MT</b>	:	:	-15 029	-15 363	-19 276
<b>NL</b>	89 166	-66 446	12 427	259 871	193 745
<b>AT</b>	-68 450	-55 048	-50 896	-68 639	-67 318
<b>PL</b>	:	:	-174 198	-154 792	-148 081
<b>PT</b>	-128 622	-182 805	-239 920	-966 388	-260 984
<b>RO</b>	:	:	-55 123	-96 241	-98 565
<b>SI</b>	:	:	-11 603	-11 931	-13 634
<b>SK</b>	:	:	-29 283	-25 359	-26 297
<b>FI</b>	-111 706	-95 418	-73 669	-72 295	-76 910
<b>SE</b>	-50 821	20 870	98 479	23 004	71 798
<b>UK</b>	-607 411	-448 919	-472 032	-433 771	-506 180
<b>IS</b>	598 123	583 274	569 241	567 392	534 724
<b>NO</b>	638 183	1 058 941	1 202 659	1 405 249	1 295 630
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	-39 640	-29 705
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	-7 382	-8 257
<b>TR</b>	:	:	-36 443	-44 868	-23 551

\* Extra-EU trade flows

## Trade balance

million ECU/EUR

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27 *</b>	:	:	-10 405	-11 705	-13 773
<b>EU-25 *</b>	:	:	-10 386	-11 634	-13 679
<b>EU-15 *</b>	-5 825	-6 626	-10 044	-11 439	-13 451
<b>BE</b>	:	:	-592	-558	-613
<b>BLEU</b>	-414	-514	:	:	:
<b>BG</b>	:	:	-3	-15	-16
<b>CZ</b>	:	:	-53	-60	-71
<b>DK</b>	787	923	900	911	795
<b>DE</b>	-1 060	-1 298	-1 434	-1 423	-1 655
<b>EE</b>	:	:	58	37	38
<b>IE</b>	124	199	209	209	190
<b>EL</b>	-96	-42	-30	-75	-59
<b>ES</b>	-1 221	-1 408	-1 974	-2 537	-2 807
<b>FR</b>	-1 533	-1 722	-2 098	-2 425	-2 719
<b>IT</b>	-1 771	-1 639	-2 391	-2 971	-3 192
<b>CY</b>	:	:	-26	-30	-26
<b>LV</b>	:	:	8	59	69
<b>LT</b>	:	:	-31	9	18
<b>LU</b>	:	:	-52	-49	-54
<b>HU</b>	:	:	-30	-48	-42
<b>MT</b>	:	:	-13	-15	21
<b>NL</b>	390	245	325	621	478
<b>AT</b>	-116	-132	-170	-217	-251
<b>PL</b>	:	:	-113	-65	-47
<b>PT</b>	-247	-379	-644	-706	-779
<b>RO</b>	:	:	-28	-78	-98
<b>SI</b>	:	:	-23	-33	-38
<b>SK</b>	:	:	-31	-36	-51
<b>FI</b>	-97	-75	-114	-162	-193
<b>SE</b>	-218	-219	-260	-337	-379
<b>UK</b>	-788	-638	-1 203	-1 216	-1 569
<b>IS</b>	959	993	1 253	1 361	1 374
<b>NO</b>	1 432	2 024	3 184	3 384	3 726
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	-1	36
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	-9	-10
<b>TR</b>	:	:	44	109	19

\* Extra-EU trade flows

## CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Foreign trade in fishery products</b>
<b>Years:</b>	from 1976 at the earliest
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Products:</b>	for 10 major groups of fishery products
<b>Flow:</b>	imports, exports and trade balance
<b>Countries:</b>	all reporting countries
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes product weight and value (ECU/EUR)
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat (Comext for EEA and EU-Candidate countries) and FAO (for other countries)

### COMMENTARY

The EU-27 Member States have an overall negative balance in trade in fishery products, both in terms of volume and value.

Only six of the EU-27 Member States (Denmark, Estonia, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania (since 2004), Malta (since 2006) and the Netherlands) have positive balances in terms of the value.

France, Germany, Italy, Spain and the United Kingdom are the biggest net importers of the EU Member States.

Iceland and Norway are big net exporters of fishery products.



## Fishing fleet

### Number of vessels

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	:	:	88 467	87 004
<b>EU-15</b>	:	103 868	95 501	82 772	81 503
<b>BE</b>	208	154	127	120	107
<b>BG</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	3 771	5 180	4 139	3 268	3 139
<b>DE</b>	1 247	2 392	2 315	2 117	2 017
<b>EE</b>	:	:	:	1 047	995
<b>IE</b>	2 080	2 044	1 615	1 419	1 809
<b>EL</b>	:	20 718	19 962	18 269	18 045
<b>ES</b>	19 852	18 385	16 678	13 700	13 391
<b>FR *</b>	8 734	6 598	8 181	7 857	7 673
<b>IT</b>	:	19 359	17 369	14 401	14 127
<b>CY</b>	:	:	:	883	874
<b>LV</b>	:	:	:	928	897
<b>LT</b>	:	:	:	268	266
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	:	:	:	1 424	1 415
<b>NL</b>	1 122	1 023	1 101	829	840
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	:	:	:	974	883
<b>PT</b>	15 789	11 746	10 692	9 155	8 754
<b>RO</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>SI</b>	:	:	:	171	171
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	:	4 106	3 663	3 266	3 196
<b>SE</b>	:	2 508	2 016	1 603	1 586
<b>UK</b>	11 513	9 655	7 643	6 768	6 819
<b>IS</b>	:	:	1 997	1 756	1 686
<b>NO</b>	:	:	13 017	7 723	7 302
<b>EEA</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>TR</b>	:	:	:	:	:

\* From 1997 the French data (and hence EU and EEA totals) include vessels of the French Overseas Departments

## Total tonnage

tons

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	:	:	2 016 995	1 955 879
<b>EU-15</b>	:	2 084 621	2 022 901	1 834 138	1 782 686
<b>BE</b>	26 204	22 870	23 054	22 584	20 035
<b>BG</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	136 728	107 124	107 471	91 469	85 686
<b>DE</b>	111 244	76 887	71 168	64 069	61 859
<b>EE</b>	:	:	:	24 219	20 788
<b>IE</b>	56 379	60 717	68 282	87 801	84 966
<b>EL</b>	:	110 224	107 407	93 515	92 792
<b>ES</b>	745 085	607 493	521 838	487 556	480 509
<b>FR *</b>	209 379	179 207	224 077	215 052	208 822
<b>IT</b>	:	258 540	232 467	212 929	205 877
<b>CY</b>	:	:	:	9 044	5 467
<b>LV</b>	:	:	:	38 549	37 210
<b>LT</b>	:	:	:	64 399	61 827
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	:	:	:	15 321	15 234
<b>NL</b>	178 145	180 205	212 466	171 672	159 070
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	:	:	:	30 260	31 602
<b>PT</b>	181 240	127 880	117 313	107 566	106 790
<b>RO</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>SI</b>	:	:	:	1 065	1 065
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	:	24 668	20 819	17 171	16 579
<b>SE</b>	:	58 220	51 394	44 222	43 957
<b>UK</b>	265 040	270 586	265 145	218 532	215 744
<b>IS</b>	:	:	180 203	181 390	179 417
<b>NO</b>	:	:	392 316	373 282	368 149
<b>EEA</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>TR</b>	:	:	:	:	:

\* From 1997 the French data (and hence EU and EEA totals) include vessels of the French Overseas Departments

## Total power

KW

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	:	:	7 234 013	7 068 471
<b>EU-15</b>	:	8 187 105	7 631 821	6 774 371	6 635 373
<b>BE</b>	78 279	65 817	63 502	65 422	60 190
<b>BG</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>DK</b>	533 045	423 564	393 373	324 865	306 883
<b>DE</b>	214 695	169 176	167 744	159 214	155 583
<b>EE</b>	:	:	:	62 039	53 312
<b>IE</b>	195 944	212 680	211 894	216 435	215 910
<b>EL</b>	:	669 956	623 043	537 181	530 831
<b>ES</b>	1 975 036	1 631 154	1 332 708	1 124 363	1 092 960
<b>FR *</b>	1 154 612	990 784	1 108 229	1 069 764	1 054 757
<b>IT</b>	:	1 495 689	1 394 483	1 223 721	1 194 797
<b>CY</b>	:	:	:	46 707	40 709
<b>LV</b>	:	:	:	64 486	61 210
<b>LT</b>	:	:	:	70 608	68 458
<b>LU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>HU</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>MT</b>	:	:	:	99 273	98 622
<b>NL</b>	559 648	516 630	522 305	401 270	385 847
<b>AT</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>PL</b>	:	:	:	105 410	99 844
<b>PT</b>	483 557	395 846	397 326	380 521	379 808
<b>RO</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>SI</b>	:	:	:	11 119	10 943
<b>SK</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>FI</b>	:	224 802	197 703	171 589	169 457
<b>SE</b>	:	268 888	244 610	218 728	218 022
<b>UK</b>	1 215 357	1 122 119	974 901	881 298	870 328
<b>IS</b>	:	:	528 711	526 057	521 893
<b>NO</b>	:	:	1 321 060	1 272 375	1 261 003
<b>EEA</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>HR</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>MK</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>TR</b>	:	:	:	:	:

\* From 1997 the French data (and hence EU and EEA totals) include vessels of the French Overseas Departments



## CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Fishing fleet</b>
<b>Years:</b>	from 1990 at the earliest
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Parameters:</b>	by tonnage, length, power and age classes
<b>Countries:</b>	EEA member countries only
<b>Unit:</b>	number, total tonnage (tonnes GRT and/or GT) and total power (kW)
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat (Statistical Register up-dated from the DG FISH administrative file.)

### COMMENTARY

Of the EU Member States, Greece has the largest number of fishing vessels. However on average these vessels are small compared with the vessels from most of the other countries.

In 2006 Greece (21%), Italy (16%) and Spain (15%) had the largest number of fishing vessels of the EU-25 Member States. The biggest total power had France (15%), Spain (15%) and Italy (17%). The biggest total tonnage had Spain (25%).

In the period 1995 to 2006 the EU-15 fishing fleet has decreased by 22% in number, by 14% in total tonnage and by 19% in total power.

## Employment

number

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>EU-15</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>BE</b>	845	624	691	860	481
<b>BG</b>	1 500	1 483	:	:	:
<b>CZ</b>	2 300	2 065	1 936	1 653	1 693
<b>DK</b>	6 945	8 081	5 436	3 812	:
<b>DE</b>	4 812	4 646	4 358	3 727	3 516
<b>EE</b>	:	11 068	9 710	:	:
<b>IE</b>	7 910	7 500	:	:	:
<b>EL</b>	20 152	22 290	19 847	19 705	:
<b>ES</b>	87 351	75 009	:	:	:
<b>FR</b>	39 013	33 156	32 687	:	:
<b>IT</b>	49 429	45 000	48 770	:	:
<b>CY</b>	761	1 279	1 351	:	:
<b>LV</b>	:	:	6 571	4 091	2 722
<b>LT</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>LU</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>HU</b>	3 300	4 200	4 900	:	:
<b>MT</b>	1 230	1 828	2 077	:	:
<b>NL</b>	4 298	3 756	:	:	:
<b>AT</b>	2 500	2 300	2 300	:	:
<b>PL</b>	16 360	10 137	:	:	:
<b>PT</b>	38 700	30 937	25 021	18 085	17 261
<b>RO</b>	14 304	8 682	25 661	:	13 687
<b>SI</b>	:	175	231	346	317
<b>SK</b>	:	:	215	396	360
<b>FI</b>	6 335	6 207	5 711	:	:
<b>SE</b>	3 473	3 287	2 782	:	:
<b>UK</b>	21 582	19 921	14 894	32 935	16 124
<b>IS</b>	6 951	7 000	6 100	:	:
<b>NO</b>	27 518	23 653	20 094	:	:
<b>EEA</b>	:	:	:	:	:
<b>HR</b>	:	49 991	15 151	:	:
<b>MK</b>	:	7 387	:	:	:
<b>TR</b>	32 000	33 614	:	:	:

## CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS

<b>Sector:</b>	<b>Employment</b>
<b>Years:</b>	from 1970 at the earliest
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Coverage:</b>	employment as fishers or in aquaculture.
<b>Detail:</b>	by sector of fishing (eg high seas, coastal), full time/part-time and by sex
<b>Countries:</b>	all countries
<b>Unit:</b>	number
<b>Data source:</b>	Eurostat and FAO

### COMMENTARY

Great care has to be taken in analysing these data because there is a lack of harmonisation in the definitions and concepts used in the collection and compilation of the data by the national authorities.

However, in the period since 1990 there has been a general reduction in the number of fishermen in most of the countries cited.

## Per capita food supply

## All fishery products

kg/head/year

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2006
<b>EU-27</b>	:	19.7	20.3	:	:
<b>EU-25</b>	:	20.9	21.5	:	:
<b>EU-15</b>	22.6	23.0	23.7	:	:
<b>BLEU</b>	18.8	20.2	21.1	:	:
<b>BG</b>	3.7	1.1	3.1	:	:
<b>CZ</b>	:	8.0	10.6	:	:
<b>DK</b>	22.5	23.7	23.3	:	:
<b>DE</b>	13.1	12.8	11.8	:	:
<b>EE</b>	:	23.9	17.1	:	:
<b>IE</b>	16.9	18.2	13.9	:	:
<b>EL</b>	20.2	22.6	22.1	:	:
<b>ES</b>	35.1	40.1	43.3	:	:
<b>FR</b>	30.4	28.0	29.3	:	:
<b>IT</b>	21.5	21.5	22.6	:	:
<b>CY</b>	17.8	23.5	24.9	:	:
<b>LV</b>	:	29.2	13.2	:	:
<b>LT</b>	:	16.7	36.7	:	:
<b>HU</b>	4.5	3.4	4.2	:	:
<b>MT</b>	16.0	26.6	30.2	:	:
<b>NL</b>	10.9	16.5	22.3	:	:
<b>AT</b>	9.0	9.3	10.1	:	:
<b>PL</b>	10.1	10.8	9.6	:	:
<b>PT</b>	58.8	57.8	54.5	:	:
<b>RO</b>	5.5	3.0	2.6	:	:
<b>SI</b>	:	7.1	6.5	:	:
<b>SK</b>	:	6.8	6.9	:	:
<b>FI</b>	32.8	32.7	30.0	:	:
<b>SE</b>	27.2	26.0	25.3	:	:
<b>UK</b>	19.3	19.4	19.7	:	:
<b>IS</b>	90.2	91.6	91.5	:	:
<b>NO</b>	45.3	50.9	48.7	:	:
<b>EEA</b>	:	20.0	20.6	:	:
<b>HR</b>	:	3.2	:	:	:
<b>MK</b>	:	4.2	:	:	:
<b>TR</b>	5.8	9.2	7.1	:	:
<b>World</b>	13.7	15.0	19.0	:	:

## CONTENTS OF EUROSTAT'S DATA-BASE OF FISHERY STATISTICS

<b>Sector:</b>	Supply balance sheets
<b>Years:</b>	1961-2001
<b>Periodicity:</b>	annual
<b>Products:</b>	total fishery products
<b>Countries:</b>	all countries
<b>Unit:</b>	tonnes or kg live weight
<b>Data source:</b>	FAO (latest available data are for 2001)

### COMMENTARY

Portugal and Spain have by far the greatest per capita supply of fishery products in the EU-27.

The per capita supply of the 12 new Member States (9.1 kg/head) in 2001 is less than half that of the EU-15 Member States (24.8 kg/head).



## Recent Eurostat publications on fishery statistics

Statistik kurzgefaßt - 50/2007: Die Fischereiflotte von EU-25 im Jahr 2005	Cat no: KS-SF-07-050-DE-N
Statistics in Focus - 50/2007: The EU-25 fishing fleet in 2005	Cat no: KS-SF-07-050-EN-N
Statistiques en bref - 50/2007: La flotte de pêche de l'EU-25 en 2005	Cat no: KS-SF-07-050-FR-N
Statistik kurzgefaßt - 10/2007: Fangmengen von EU-25 im Nordostatlantik weiterhin rückläufig	Cat no: KS-SF-07-010-DE-N
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Statistiques en bref - 10/2007: La baisse des captures de l'UE 25 dans l'Atlantique du NE se poursuit	Cat no: KS-SF-07-010-FR-N
Statistik kurzgefaßt - 4/2007: Mittelmeer dritt wichtigstes Fischereigebiet für EU-25	Cat no: KS-SF-07-004-DE-N
Statistics in Focus - 4/2007: The Mediterranean is the third most important region for EU-25 fisheries	Cat no: KS-SF-07-004-EN-N
Statistiques en bref - 4/2007: La Méditerranée est la troisième plus importante zone de pêche pour l'UE-25	Cat no: KS-SF-07-004-FR-N
Statistik kurzgefaßt - 23/2006: Aquakultur	Cat no: KS-NN-06-023-DE-N
Statistics in Focus - 23/2006: Aquaculture	Cat no: KS-NN-06-023-EN-N
Statistiques en bref - 23/2006: Aquaculture	Cat no: KS-NN-06-023-FR-N
Statistik kurzgefaßt - 4/2006: Rückgang der EU-25-Fangmengen im Nordwest-Atlantik im Jahr 2004 um 29 %	Cat no: KS-NN-06-004-DE-C
Statistics in Focus - 4/2006: EU25 catches in the NW Atlantic fall by 29% in 2004	Cat no: KS-NN-06-004-EN-C
Statistiques en bref - 4/2006: En 2004, les captures effectuées par l'UE25 dans l'Atlantique du Nord Ouest ont baissé de 29%	Cat no: KS-NN-06-004-FR-C
Daten kurz gefasst - 15/2007: EU-Fangmengen im Nordwest-Atlantik im 2006	Cat no: KS-QA-07-015-DE-N
Data in Focus - 15/2007: EU Catches in the North-West Atlantic in 2006	Cat no: KS-QA-07-015-EN-N
Données en bref - 15/2007: Captures effectuées par l'UE dans l'Atlantique du Nord-Ouest en 2006	Cat no: KS-QA-07-015-FR-N
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Data in Focus - 11/2007: EU-25 Fishing Fleet in 2006	Cat no: KS-QA-07-011-EN-N
Données en bref - 11/2007: Flotte de pêche EU-25 en 2006	Cat no: KS-QA-07-011-FR-N





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## Fishery Statistics

### Data 1990-2006

This publication contains summary tables on fishery statistics for EEA Member States and EU Candidate countries.

It gives an overview of the data currently available in Eurostat's database on Fisheries statistics and presents data on the total fisheries production, on aquaculture production, on catches by fishing region, on landings in EEA ports, on trade in fishery products, on the EEA fishing fleet, on per capita supply of the total fisheries production and on the number of fishers.

The data are derived from official national sources and in the case of non-EEA countries from international organisations. In general they use internationally agreed concepts and definitions developed by the Coordinating Working Party on Fishery Statistics (CWP).

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